

Wool Production in Canada, 1920-38.—Revised estimates of shorn and pulled wool production in Canada for the years 1920 to 1938 are contained in Table 16; the apparent consumption is also calculated from production, exports, and imports. The production of shorn wool is based on data secured from the Censuses of 1921, 1926, 1931, and 1936, and on a special survey made in the summer of 1938. Estimates of the number of sheep shorn were made from data obtained in the annual live-stock surveys. Total shorn wool is calculated by multiplying the number of sheep shorn by the estimated average yield per sheep.

Estimates of pulled wool production are based on the number of sheep and lambs sold alive off farms. An average yield of 3½ lb. per animal was applied to the sales.

The revised estimates of both shorn and pulled wool production are lower than the estimates previously published. Hitherto, an average of 7½ lb. per fleece has been used in calculating shorn wool production. The revised estimates take account of variations in yield due to differences in breeds and types of sheep and climatic conditions in different sections of Canada.

The prices applied to the production of shorn wool were those obtained annually from farm correspondents of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

16.—Estimated Production, Exports, Imports, and Apparent Consumption of Wool in Canada, 1920-38.

Year.	Estimated Production.				Pulled.	Total Production.	Exports.	Imports.	Apparent Consumption.
	Shorn.								
	Yield per Fleece.	Total Yield Shorn.	Price per lb.	Total Value Shorn.					
lb.	'000 lb.	cts.	\$	'000 lb.	'000 lb.	'000 lb.	'000 lb.	'000 lb.	
1920.	6.3	11,306	21	2,364,000	3,598	14,904	6,289	12,260	20,875
1921.	6.4	11,368	13	1,522,600	3,494	14,862	3,310	9,133	20,655
1922.	6.4	10,854	17	1,832,600	3,206	14,060	7,159	15,885	22,786
1923.	6.5	9,334	20	1,865,100	2,674	12,008	6,818	21,099	26,739
1924.	6.6	8,943	25	2,211,000	2,713	11,661	6,320	15,389	20,730
1925.	6.6	9,602	25	2,403,200	2,602	12,204	6,351	13,561	19,414
1926.	6.8	10,607	23	2,394,400	2,581	13,488	4,389	15,363	24,462
1927.	6.8	11,261	22	2,455,400	3,248	14,509	11,357	14,354	17,506
1928.	6.9	12,143	25	3,082,200	3,342	15,485	8,351	14,271	21,405
1929.	6.9	12,679	20	2,590,200	3,776	16,455	6,090	12,086	22,451
1930.	7.0	12,800	11	1,392,400	3,852	16,652	4,382	9,459	21,729
1931.	7.0	13,575	8	1,050,400	4,250	17,825	4,770	10,849	23,904
1932.	7.1	14,027	5	721,900	4,087	18,114	3,712	8,717	23,119
1933.	7.1	13,308	10	1,364,300	4,511	17,819	11,258	13,761	20,322
1934.	6.9	13,135	10	1,254,600	4,443	17,578	4,260	14,932	28,250
1935.	7.1	13,320	11	1,492,500	4,499	17,819	8,303	14,872	24,328
1936.	7.2	13,057	14	1,861,200	4,374	17,431	9,103	22,782	31,110
1937.	7.2	13,271	15	2,048,700	4,358	17,629	4,813	24,427	37,243
1938.	7.3	13,386	11	1,497,800	4,309	17,695	4,260	15,524	28,959

Egg Production.—The data for egg-laying hens in Table 17 were calculated from the numbers of mature birds shown in the June surveys, with reductions to allow for cocks and cockerels. The production of eggs per hen and the average prices were calculated with the assistance and advice of extension workers and poultrymen connected with the provincial Departments of Agriculture.